

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**1.1. Product identifier**Code: **P0003**
Product name: **BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO****1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**Intended use: **Rivestimento acril-silossanico per pareti****1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**Name: **Licata S.p.A.**
Full address: **Via De Gasperi,155**
District and Country: **92024 Canicatti (AG)**
Italia
Tel.: **+39 0922 856088**
Fax: **+39 0922 831427**e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **controllo-qualita@licataspa.it****1.4. Emergency telephone number**For urgent inquiries refer to: **NHS111in England: 111**
NHS24in Scotland: 111
NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647
In an emergency, if the patient has collapsed or is not breathing properly, call 999**SECTION 2. Hazards identification****2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH208 Contains: 4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one
REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND
2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1)

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>**

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P391 Collect spillage.

Contains: 2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

2.3. Other hazardsOn the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients****3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

| Identification | x = Conc. % | Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | | |
| INDEX | $1,5 \leq x < 2$ | EUH210, EUH212 |
| EC | 236-675-5 | |
| CAS | 13463-67-7 | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119489379-17-0013 | |
| ETHANEDIOL | | |
| INDEX | $0,3 \leq x < 0,35$ | Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 2 H373 |
| EC | 203-473-3 | ATE Oral: 500 mg/kg |
| CAS | 107-21-1 | |
| QUARTZ | | |
| INDEX | $0 < x < 0,05$ | Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. |
| EC | 238-878-4 | |
| CAS | 14808-60-7 | |
| 2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE | | |
| INDEX | $0,0025 \leq x < 0,025$ | Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1 H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071 |
| EC | 247-761-7 | Skin Sens. 1A H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 1\% - < 3\%$ |
| CAS | 26530-20-1 | LD50 Oral: 125 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 311 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,27 mg/l/4h |
| REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1) | | |
| INDEX | $0 < x < 0,0015$ | Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B |
| EC | 611-341-5 | Skin Corr. 1C H314: $\geq 0,6\%$, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 0,06\% - < 0,6\%$, Skin Sens. 1A H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$, Eye Dam. 1 H318: $\geq 0,6\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 0,06\% - < 0,6\%$ |
| CAS | 55965-84-9 | LD50 Oral: 64 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 87,12 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,33 mg/l/4h |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2120764691-48 | |
| 4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one | | |
| INDEX | $0 < x < 0,0015$ | Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1 H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071 |
| EC | 264-843-8 | Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 0,025\% - < 5\%$, Skin Sens. 1A H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 0,025\% - < 3\%$ |
| CAS | 64359-81-5 | LD50 Oral: 567 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,16 mg/l/4h |

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 4. First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures**

No effects requiring implementation of special first aid measures are expected. The following information represents practical indications of correct behaviour in the event of contact with a chemical product, even if not hazardous.

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice.

Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 6. Accidental release measures** ... / >>

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters**

Regulatory references:

| | | |
|-----|----------------|--|
| DEU | Deutschland | Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58 |
| ESP | España | Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023 |
| FRA | France | Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France Décret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021 |
| HRV | Hrvatska | Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021) |
| ITA | Italia | Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 |
| SVN | Slovenija | Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19) |
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |
| EU | OEL EU | Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. |
| | TLV-ACGIH | ACGIH 2023 |

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>****ETHANEDIOL**

| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|
| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| AGW | DEU | 26 | 10 | 52 | 20 | SKIN |
| MAK | DEU | 26 | 10 | 52 | 20 | SKIN |
| VLA | ESP | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| VLEP | FRA | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| VLEP | ITA | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| MV | SVN | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| WEL | GBR | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| OEL | EU | 52 | 20 | 104 | 40 | SKIN |
| TLV-ACGIH | | | 25 | | 50 | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | | | 10 | | INHAL |

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|
| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| MAK | DEU | 0,3 | | 2,4 | | RESP Hinweis |
| VLA | ESP | 10 | | | | |
| VLEP | FRA | 10 | | | | |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 10 | | | | INHAL |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 4 | | | | RESP |
| WEL | GBR | 10 | | | | INHAL |
| WEL | GBR | 4 | | | | RESP |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 2,5 | | | | RESP |

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|---|-------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,127 | mg/l |
| Normal value in marine water | 1 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 1000 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 100 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | 0,61 | mg/l |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 100 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning) | 1667 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 100 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------|---------|----------|--------------------|----------|---------|----------|
| | Acute | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | local | systemic | local | systemic | local | systemic | local | systemic |
| Inhalation | | | | | | | 10 | |
| | | | | | | | mg/m3 | |

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|
| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| AGW | DEU | 0,05 | | 0,1 | | INHAL |
| AGW | DEU | 0,05 | | 0,1 | | SKIN |
| MAK | DEU | 0,05 | | 0,1 | | INHAL |
| MAK | DEU | 0,05 | | 0,1 | | SKIN |

QUARTZ

| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|------|------------|-----|------------------------|
| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| VLA | ESP | | 0,05 | | | RESP |
| VLEP | FRA | 0,1 | | | | RESP |
| GVI/KGVI | HRV | 0,1 | | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 0,1 | | | | RESP |
| MV | SVN | 0,15 | | | | RESP |
| OEL | EU | 0,1 | | | | RESP |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 0,025 | | | | RESP |

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>****REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE**

(3:1)

Threshold Limit Value

| Type | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations |
|------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| MAK | DEU | 0,2 | | 0,4 | | INHAL |

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

| | | |
|--|---------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water | 0,00339 | mg/l |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment | 0,027 | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,027 | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms | 0,23 | mg/l |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 0,01 | mg/kg |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers | | | | Effects on workers | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------|---------|----------|--------------------|----------|---------|----------|
| | Acute | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | Chronic |
| Inhalation | local | systemic | local | systemic | local | systemic | local | systemic |
| | | | | | 0,04 | | | 0,02 |
| | | | | | mg/m3 | | | mg/m3 |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

| Properties | Value | Information |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Appearance | dense liquid | |
| Colour | various | |
| Odour | characteristic | |
| Melting point / freezing point | 0 °C | |
| Initial boiling point | 100 °C | |
| Flammability | not flammable | |
| Lower explosive limit | not available | |
| Upper explosive limit | not available | |
| Flash point | not available | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | not available | |
| Decomposition temperature | not available | |

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties** ... / >>

| | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| pH | 9-10 | |
| Kinematic viscosity | not available | |
| Dynamic viscosity | 60.000 - 80.000 cPs | Temperature: 20 °C |
| Solubility | miscible | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not available | |
| Vapour pressure | not available | |
| Density and/or relative density | 1,85 kg/l | |
| Relative vapour density | not available | |
| Particle characteristics | not applicable | |

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Flammable liquids

Sustained combustibility does not sustain combustion

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

| | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|---------|
| VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) | 0,69 % - 12,81 | g/litre |
| VOC (volatile carbon) | 0,17 % - 3,07 | g/litre |

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHANEDIOL

In the air absorbs moisture. Decomposes at temperatures above 200°C/392°F.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

ETHANEDIOL

Risk of explosion on contact with: perchloric acid. May react dangerously with: chlorosulphuric acid, sodium hydroxide, sulphuric acid, phosphorus pentasulphide, chromium (III) oxide, chromyl chloride, potassium perchlorate, potassium dichromate, sodium peroxide, aluminium. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

ETHANEDIOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**ETHANEDIOL**

May develop: hydroxyacetaldehyde, glyoxal, acetaldehyde, methane, carbon monoxide, hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>****11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

ETHANEDIOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

ETHANEDIOL

Ingestion initially stimulates the central nervous system; later replaced by a phase of depression. There may be kidney damage, with anuria and uremia. Over-exposure symptoms are: vomiting, drowsiness, difficulty in breathing, convulsions. The lethal dose for humans is approx. 1.4 ml/kg.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one

LD50 (Oral):

567 mg/kg

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

0,16 mg/l/4h

ETHANEDIOL

LD50 (Dermal):

9530 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 (Oral):

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

LD50 (Dermal):

> 10000 mg/kg Coniglio

LD50 (Oral):

> 5000 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

> 6,82 mg/l/4h Ratto

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

LD50 (Dermal):

311 mg/kg

LD50 (Oral):

125 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

0,27 mg/l/4h Rat

REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1)

LD50 (Dermal):

87,12 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 (Oral):

64 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

0,33 mg/l/4h Rat

CARBONATO DI CALCIO

LD50 (Oral):

6450 mg/kg

MINEMA 2

LD50 (Oral):

> 5000 mg/kg Ratto

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>**

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one

REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1)

Skin sensitization

Pointed principle with reference n ° S5146_R2 and S5147_R2 pursuant to article 9, paragraph 4, and sections 3.4.3.1/3.4.3.2 of the Annex of the CLP (EC) regulation 1272/2008

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ETHANEDIOL

Available studies have shown no carcinogenic potential. In a carcinogenicity study lasting two years, carried out by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP), in which ethylene glycol was administered in the feed, "no evidence of carcinogenic activity" in male and female B6C3F1 mice was observed (NTP, 1993).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one

LC50 - for Fish

0,0078 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss

EC50 - for Crustacea

0,0097 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,025 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

Chronic NOEC for Fish

0,00047 mg/l Brachydanio rerio

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

0,0004 mg/l Daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,015 mg/l Desmodesmus subspicatus

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

LC50 - for Fish

> 1000 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

> 1000 mg/l/48h Pulce d'acqua grande

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 10000 mg/l/72h Alghe cloroficee

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants

12,7 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

5600 mg/l

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 12. Ecological information** ... / >>

| | |
|---|--|
| 2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE | |
| LC50 - for Fish | 0,036 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | 0,00129 mg/l/48h Navicula pelliculosa |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | 0,084 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus |
| EC10 for Crustacea | 0,000224 mg/l/48h |
| EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants | 0,000224 mg/l/72h Navicula pelliculosa |
| Chronic NOEC for Fish | 0,022 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss |
| Chronic NOEC for Crustacea | 0,002 mg/l Daphnia magna |
| Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants | 0,00068 mg/l Skeletonema costatum |

REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1)

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| LC50 - for Fish | 0,19 mg/l/96h |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | 0,16 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | 0,037 mg/l/72h |
| Chronic NOEC for Fish | 0,0464 mg/l Danio rerio |
| Chronic NOEC for Crustacea | 0,1 mg/l Daphnia magna |
| Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants | 0,0012 mg/l |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one
Rapidly degradable

ETHANEDIOL
Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
NOT rapidly degradable

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE
Solubility in water 500 mg/l
NOT rapidly degradable

QUARTZ
Degradability: information not available

REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1)
NOT rapidly degradable <50%

MINEMA 2
Solubility in water 14 mg/l
Degradability: information not available Sostanza inorganica

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

4,5-dicloro-2-ottil-2H-isotiazol-3-one
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 4,4 Log Kow
BCF 13

ETHANEDIOL
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,36

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,92 Log Kow Metodo HPLC
BCF > 500 Ratto

REACTION MASS OF 5-CHLORO-2- METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE AND 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE (3:1)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water < 0,71 Log Kow Metodo HPLC
BCF 3,16

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 12. Ecological information** ... / >>**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: _____

E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point

3

Contained substance

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>**

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 2 | Acute toxicity, category 2 |
| Acute Tox. 3 | Acute toxicity, category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | Acute toxicity, category 4 |
| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 |
| Skin Corr. 1C | Skin corrosion, category 1C |
| Skin Corr. 1 | Skin corrosion, category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage, category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin irritation, category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1A | Skin sensitization, category 1A |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 |
| H310 | Fatal in contact with skin. |
| H330 | Fatal if inhaled. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH071 | Corrosive to the respiratory tract. |
| EUH210 | Safety data sheet available on request. |
| EUH212 | Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not breathe dust. |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
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18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
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- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

P0003 - BESTEN PUTZ ACRIL SILOSSANICO**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.