

Licata S.p.A.		Revision nr.2 Dated 16/09/2024 Printed on 20/09/2024 Page n. 1 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 30/08/2023)		EN
P0042 - SILOXAN PAINT BIANCO				

### Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

#### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

##### 1.1. Product identifier

Code:	P0042
Product name	SILOXAN PAINT BIANCO

##### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use	Idropittura a base acrilica
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##### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name	Licata S.p.A.		
Full address	Via De Gasperi,155		
District and Country	92024	Canicatti	(AG)
		Italia	
	Tel.	+39 0922 856088	
	Fax	+39 0922 831427	
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	controllo-qualita@licataspa.it		

##### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to	NHS111in England: 111 NHS24in Scotland: 111 NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647 In an emergency, if the patient has collapsed or is not breathing properly, call 999
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#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification

##### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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##### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:	--
Signal words:	--
Hazard statements:	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

##### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

 EPY 11.7.1 - SDS 1004.14

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<div>The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration <math>\geq 0.1\%</math>.</div>		
SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
Contains:		
Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
<b>TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain-ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia-meter <math>\leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{m}</math>]</b>		
INDEX	022-006-00-2	$10,5 \leq x < 12$ <b>Carc. 2 H351, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP</b> <b>Regulation: 10, V, W</b>
EC	236-675-5	
CAS	13463-67-7	
<b>ETHANEDIOL</b>		
INDEX	603-027-00-1	$0,6 \leq x < 0,7$ <b>Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 2 H373</b> <b>ATE Oral: 500 mg/kg</b>
EC	203-473-3	
CAS	107-21-1	
<b>QUARTZ</b>		
INDEX		$0,2 \leq x < 0,25$ <b>STOT RE 1 H372</b>
EC	238-878-4	
CAS	14808-60-7	
<b>3-(4-Isopropylphenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea</b>		
INDEX	006-044-00-7	$0,025 \leq x < 0,08$ <b>Carc. 2 H351, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10</b>
EC	251-835-4	
CAS	34123-59-6	
The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.		
SECTION 4. First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
<p>No effects requiring implementation of special first aid measures are expected. The following information represents practical indications of correct behaviour in the event of contact with a chemical product, even if not hazardous.</p> <p>In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.</p> <p>In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.</p> <p>EYES: Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water. Get medical advice if you feel symptoms.</p> <p>SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Get medical advice if you feel symptoms.</p> <p>INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice.</p> <p>INHALATION: Remove to open air. Get medical advice if you feel symptoms.</p>		
<u>Rescuer protection</u>		
<p>It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.</p>		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
<p>Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.</p> <p>DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.</p>		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
<p>If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.</p>		
<u>Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment</u>		
<p>Running water for skin and eye wash.</p>		

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### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

##### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

##### UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

##### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

##### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

##### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>		
(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.		
8.2. Exposure controls		
<p>As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.</p> <p><b>HAND PROTECTION</b> Protect hands with category III work gloves. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.</p> <p><b>SKIN PROTECTION</b> Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.</p> <p><b>EYE PROTECTION</b> Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).</p> <p><b>RESPIRATORY PROTECTION</b> Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.</p> <p><b>ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS</b> The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards. Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.</p>		
SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
<div>Properties</div> <div> <div>Appearance</div> <div>Colour</div> <div>Odour</div> <div>Melting point / freezing point</div> <div>Initial boiling point</div> <div>Flammability</div> <div>Lower explosive limit</div> <div>Upper explosive limit</div> <div>Flash point</div> <div>Auto-ignition temperature</div> <div>Decomposition temperature</div> <div>pH</div> <div>Kinematic viscosity</div> <div>Solubility</div> <div>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</div> <div>Vapour pressure</div> <div>Density and/or relative density</div> <div>Relative vapour density</div> <div>Particle characteristics</div> </div>	<div>Value</div> <div> <div>dense liquid</div> <div>white</div> <div>characteristic</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>miscible</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not available</div> <div>not applicable</div> </div>	<div>Information</div>
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes		
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	0,99 %	

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity			
10.1. Reactivity			
There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.			
ETHANEDIOL			
In the air absorbs moisture.Decomposes at temperatures above 200°C/392°F.			
10.2. Chemical stability			
The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.			
QUARTZ			
Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.			
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions			
No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.			
ETHANEDIOL			
Risk of explosion on contact with: perchloric acid.May react dangerously with: chlorosulphuric acid,sodium hydroxide,sulphuric acid,phosphorus pentasulphide,chromium (III) oxide,chromyl chloride,potassium perchlorate,potassium dichromate,sodium peroxide,aluminium.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.			
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.			
ETHANEDIOL			
Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.			
QUARTZ			
Decomposes if exposed to: sources of heat.			
10.5. Incompatible materials			
QUARTZ			
Incompatible with: Oxidants.			
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products			
ETHANEDIOL			
May develop: hydroxyacetaldehyde,glyoxal,acetaldehyde,methane,carbon monoxide,hydrogen.			
SECTION 11. Toxicological information			
In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.			
It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.			
11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008			
<u>Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information</u>			
Information not available			
<u>Information on likely routes of exposure</u>			
ETHANEDIOL			
WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.			
POPULATION: inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.			
<u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u>			
ETHANEDIOL			
Ingestion initially stimulates the central nervous system; later replaced by a phase of depression. There may be kidney damage, with anuria and uremia. Over-exposure symptoms are: vomiting, drowsiness, difficulty in breathing, convulsions. The lethal dose for humans is approx. 1.4 ml/kg.			
<u>Interactive effects</u>			
Information not available			
EPY 11.7.1 - SDS 1004.14			

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / &gt;&gt;

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)  
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)  
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

## ETHANEDIOL

LD50 (Dermal): 9530 mg/kg Rabbit  
LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Rat

TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain-ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia-meter ≤ 10 µm]  
LD50 (Oral): > 10000 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## ETHANEDIOL

Available studies have shown no carcinogenic potential. In a carcinogenicity study lasting two years, carried out by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP), in which ethylene glycol was administered in the feed, "no evidence of carcinogenic activity" in male and female B6C3F1 mice was observed (NTP, 1993).

TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain-ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia-meter ≤ 10 µm]

The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>			
12.1. Toxicity			
Information not available			
12.2. Persistence and degradability			
ETHANEDIOL			
Solubility in water		1000 - 10000 mg/l	
Rapidly degradable			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE [in powder form contain-ing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic dia-meter ≤ 10 µm]			
Solubility in water		< 0,001 mg/l	
Degradability: information not available			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
ETHANEDIOL			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		-1,36	
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Information not available			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.			
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties			
Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.			
12.7. Other adverse effects			
Information not available			
SECTION 13. Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.			
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.			
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING			
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.			
SECTION 14. Transport information			
The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.			
14.1. UN number or ID number			
not applicable			
14.2. UN proper shipping name			
not applicable			
EPY 11.7.1 - SDS 1004.14			



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SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
not applicable			
14.4. Packing group			
not applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazards			
not applicable			
14.6. Special precautions for user			
not applicable			
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments			
Information not relevant			
SECTION 15. Regulatory information			
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture			
Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None			
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006			
Product			
Point 3			
Contained substance			
Point 75			
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors			
not applicable			
Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)			
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.			
Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)			
None			
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:			
None			
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:			
None			
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:			
None			
Healthcare controls			
Information not available			
15.2. Chemical safety assessment			
A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.			
SECTION 16. Other information			
Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:			
Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity, category 2			
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4			
STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1			
STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2			
EPY 11.7.1 - SDS 1004.14			

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<b>Aquatic Acute 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 3</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
<b>H351</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.
<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H372</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>H373</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>H400</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>H410</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H412</b>	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**LEGEND:**

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

**GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

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23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707  
24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)  
24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

**Note for users:**

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

**CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION**

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

**Changes to previous review:**

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 15 / 16.