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# Licata S.p.A. P0019 - SANA BETON BIANCO

Revision nr.4 Dated 15/10/2024 Printed on 15/10/2024 Page n. 1 / 11

(AG)

Replaced revision:3 (Dated 09/09/2024)

### **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: **P0019** 

Product name SANA BETON BIANCO

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Idropittura

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Licata S.p.A.
Full address Via De Gasperi,155
District and Country 92024 Canicattì

Italia

Tel. +39 0922 856088 Fax +39 0922 831427

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

controllo-qualita@licataspa.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to NHS111in England: 111

NHS24in Scotland: 111

NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647

In an emergency, if the patient has collapsed or is not breathing properly, call 999

#### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP). However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information, compliant to (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Hazard classification and indication: --

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: -

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.
EUH208 Contains: 1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements: --

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

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The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

#### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

EC

CAS

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

INDEX 13,5  $\leq$  x < 15 EUH210, EUH212

EC 236-675-5 CAS 13463-67-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119489379-17-xxxx

Trimethylolpropane

INDEX  $0.15 \le x < 0.2$  Repr. 2 H361fd

EC 201-074-9 CAS 77-99-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119486799-10-XXXX

220-120-9

2634-33-5

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

INDEX 613-088-00-6 0 < x < 0,05 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317,

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1 Skin Sens. 1 H317: ≥ 0,05% LD50 Oral: >1150 mg/kg

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

No effects requiring implementation of special first aid measures are expected. The following information represents practical indications of correct behaviour in the event of contact with a chemical product, even if not hazardous.

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. Get medical advice/attention.

#### Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

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#### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

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### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

DEU Deutschland Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur

Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58

ESP España Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023

FRA France Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849

du 28 décembre 2021

HRV Hrvatska Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama

na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2023

			Trimet	hylolpropane					
lealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL							
	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Oral				0,34					
				mg/kg/d					
Inhalation				0,58				3,3	
				mg/m3				mg/m3	
Skin				0,34				0,94	
				mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d	

				TITAN	IUM DIOXIDE					
Threshold Limit V	'alue									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min			Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	m	ng/m3	ppm				
MAK	DEU	0,3		2	2,4		RESP	Hinweis		
VLA	ESP	10								
VLEP	FRA	10								
GVI/KGVI	HRV	10					INHAL			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	4					RESP			
WEL	GBR	10					INHAL			
WEL	GBR	4					RESP			
TLV-ACGIH		2,5					RESP			
Predicted no-effe	ct concentra	tion - PNEC								
Normal value in	fresh water							0,184	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water								0,0184	mg/l	
Normal value for					1000	mg/kg				
Normal value for marine water sediment								100	mg/kg	
Normal value of STP microorganisms							100	mg/l		
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment							100	mg/kg		
Health - Derived n	o-effect leve	el - DNEL / D	MEL							
	Effe	fects on consumers Effe		Effects	s on worke	rs				
Route of exposi	ure Acut	te Acu	te	Chronic	Chronic	Acute		Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l syst	emic	local	systemic	local		systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation									10 mg/m3	

#### Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low

hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

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#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

#### **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	dense liquid
Colour	various
Odour	characteristic
Melting point / freezing point	not available
Initial boiling point	not available
Flammability	not available
Lower explosive limit	not available
Upper explosive limit	not available
Flash point	not available
Auto-ignition temperature	not available
Decomposition temperature	not available
рН	8,5
Kinematic viscosity	not available
Solubility	miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available
Vapour pressure	not available
Density and/or relative density	not available
Relative vapour density	not available
Particle characteristics	not applicable

#### Information

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 1,59 %

#### **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

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#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Trimethylolpropane

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 10000 mg/kg Coniglio

 LD50 (Oral):
 14700 mg/kg Ratto

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Ratto LD50 (Oral): > 1150 mg/kg Ratto

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 10000 mg/kg Coniglio

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 6,82 mg/l/4h Ratto

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

#### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

#### **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Dowanol DPNB

LC50 - for Fish 841 mg/l/96h

Trimethylolpropane

LC50 - for Fish

> 1000 mg/l/96h EC50 - for Crustacea

13000 mg/l/48h Pulce d'acqua grande EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 1000 mg/l/72h Alga verde

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 1000 mg/l Pulce d'acqua grande

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

22 mg/l/96h Pesci LC50 - for Fish 2,9 mg/l/48h Dafnie EC50 - for Crustacea 0,37 mg/l/72h Alghe EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

> 10000 mg/l/96h LC50 - for Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea > 100 mg/l/48h Pulce d'acqua grande > 100000 mg/l/72h Alghe cloroficee EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 5600 mg/l

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Trimethylolpropane

Rapidly degradable 100%

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#### SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Rapidly degradable

TITANIUM DIOXIDE NOT rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Trimethylolpropane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,47 Log Kow

BCF < 17

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

BCF > 19

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

#### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

#### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

not applicable

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#### SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

#### **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Contained substance

Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

#### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Eve Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH212 Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not breathe dust.

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#### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP) 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

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#### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

03 / 08 / 11 / 12 / 16.